

he determined that the opportunities of life were too valuable to be further thrown away in such bootless contest, and at the cost of professional prestige and wealth honorably earned by useful service, he abandoned the home of his adoption to find again a place where he could live a free life and enjoy the equal privileges of a citizen.

For three years from July, 1878, he held the position of a Government Agent in the Internal Revenue Service, at the close of which period he resigned that position, and in 1881 located, with his son, in North Dakota. In addition to his other professional labors in Dakota, Judge Levisee rendered a highly appreciated service to the bar of that then Territory by the preparation and publication of an annotated edition of the Dakota Codes, which was approved and adopted by the Legislature and the profession, and is still in general use.

After experiencing the vicissitudes of frontier life for twelve years in North Dakota, the Judge began to feel that it was time to retire from active pursuits, and to prepare for the end. He returned to his old home—the home of his childhood and youth. Here in the beautiful village of Clyde, Sandusky Co., Ohio, he has built for himself a sumptuous place of abode. Here, in elegant retirement, amid his books and maps, he spends the evening of his long and useful life, surrounded by all that can make old age agreeable, blessed with excellent health and cheered by the merited friendship and esteem of all who know him.

**R** W. SANDWISCH, ex-sheriff of Sandusky county, was born in Woodville township, that county, July 20, 1846, a son of Hermon and Catharine (Mergel) Sandwisch. The father was born in Hanover, Germany, in 1811, and died at Woodville in 1854, of Asiatic cholera. He had come to this

country a young man, married in this country and worked at the blacksmith trade. The mother was born in Hanover, Germany, in 1810, came to this country, and is still living as one of the pioneers of Woodville. Their children were: Mary Jane, wife of Jacob Bishoff; Louisa, wife of Benedict Emch; R. W., our subject; J. G., in Bowling Green, Ohio; and Emeline, who married C. G. Bradt, a contractor, living at Atlanta, Georgia.

Our subject grew to manhood in Woodville township, on a farm, learned the blacksmith trade in early life at Woodville, and later worked two years at the same in Toledo, Ohio. In the fall of 1868 he opened a blacksmith shop in Woodville, which he operated himself for eighteen consecutive years, making twenty-two years of work at his trade. For several years past he has been prominently identified with politics in Woodville township as an ardent Democrat. He was first elected supervisor of roads, and afterward justice of the peace for three terms. He became the regular nominee of the Democratic party for sheriff, and was elected to that position in 1885, taking charge of the office in January, 1886. In 1887 he was re-elected, serving a second term. After leaving the sheriff's office he engaged in selling farming implements, and in that capacity traveled extensively over Sandusky county.

Mr. Sandwisch was married, in 1868, to Miss Clarinda Swartzman, who was born in Woodville township, January 11, 1849, a daughter of Isaac Swartzman, a native of Pennsylvania, and an early pioneer of Woodville township. They have children as follows: Albert H., born May 30, 1869, who was his father's deputy when he held the office of sheriff, and is engaged with him in business at the present time. Catherine Lovisa, born September 20, 1871, living at home; and Adolph Franklin, born January 18, 1877. Mr. Sandwisch is a member of the

hotel building is an imposing four-story structure, elegantly furnished and finished throughout. It contains seventy large airy sleeping rooms, admirably ventilated, lighted by electricity and heated by steam. It has recently been completely renovated and refitted. For beauty and diversity of scenery the place is unexcelled. The "medicine water" for curative properties is one of the most noted and valuable in the United States. Dr. David C. Bryan, of New York, in writing a work on "What Shall We Drink, or the Mineral Waters of America," requested a specimen of the water, and in a subsequent letter thus expressed the result of a most careful analysis: "It is one of the richest waters (medicinally) that I have ever examined. It is exceptionally bright and clear, and there are no foul smells or gases held in solution. It is remarkable in being at once a sulphur, salt, carbonate, alkaline and slightly ferruginous water. The digestive and urinary organs are benefited by alkaline water, the liver and alimentary canal by saline waters, the mucous, respiratory membranes and skin by sulphur waters, and iron waters have a special action on the blood." The color of the water is a beautiful emerald, and it is almost as transparent as air. Elegant bath rooms are provided, and hosts of visitors testify to permanent benefits received.

On June 22, 1878, Dr. Campbell married Miss Alice E. Waterous, and has one daughter—Grace T.

**B**ENEDICT EMCH, now retired, Woodville, Sandusky county, was born in the canton of Solothurn, Switzerland, June 8, 1829. It is probable that the Emch family had lived there for ages—this much, at least, is known, that his grandfather lived and died in the house in which Mr. Benedict Emch was born.

Our subject is the son of Jacob and Elizabeth (Kuntz) Emch, the former of

whom was also born in Switzerland, came to America in 1834, and settled in Wood county, Ohio, when that region was a pioneer wilderness. He died on June 1, 1859; Elizabeth Kuntz, his wife, was born in 1797, and died in 1862, both being faithful members of the German Reformed Church. They were the parents of four children: Jacob, who died in Berne, Switzerland, at the age of sixty-seven years; Benedict, subject proper of this sketch; John, who joined the Union army in Wood county, Ohio, and died in a hospital during the Civil war; Mary, who came to America and lived here about nine years, married one Benedict Emch, who by the way was not related to her family; he died, and she returned to Switzerland, where she now resides. By his second marriage, Jacob Emch had the following children: Stephen, Samuel, Elizabeth, Ann, Margaret, Rosa, Susan, Sophia, besides two that died in infancy.

Benedict Emch came to America in 1845. He remained in Wood county a year with his father, and then went to Perrysburg, Ohio, to learn the trade of harness-maker. This completed, he was prepared to face the world and battle for himself. He worked at his trade until 1852, when the great excitement in California attracted his attention, and he determined to cast his fate among those hardy adventurers who pushed their way across the great American desert, in caravans, in search of the yellow metal of the Pacific Slope. It took him and his party six months, lacking five days, to make their overland trip from Maumee City, Ohio, to Hankstown (now Placerville), the county seat of El Dorado county, Cal. Mr. Emch proceeded at once to prospecting, and a short time after his arrival found him located on a claim, and digging for gold in El Dorado county. For the first year or so he made something over a living, but made quite a success of gold digging afterward. He remained in the gold fields until 1856, when he re-

turned home by the Nicaragua route. In Ohio he remained for a few months to visit, and, in July of 1856, returned to his native Switzerland. He made the voyage on a sailing vessel, and after landing, traveled through England, studying its interesting features, the great cities of Liverpool and London, thence by way of Rotterdam, Holland, up the River Rhine to Manheim, and to his home in Switzerland. In May, 1857, he returned to America, bringing with him his mother and about twenty other friends. On his return to Woodville he engaged in business, keeping a grocery store until the spring of 1859, and then, during the Pike's Peak gold excitement, started for that land of promise across the Plains again, and remained there during the summer, digging for gold with good success. Having considerable gold on hand in the fall, he purchased a team and accoutrements, and started back for the States. When he reached the vicinity of St. Joseph City, Mo., he left his team for keeping, with a farmer, and found more convenient transportation to Ohio. He soon afterward proceeded on his way to New Orleans, that city having the most convenient United States mint, and there he had the gold dust coined. Returning from New Orleans about the commencement of the year, he remained in Ohio, with his mother, until spring. In the spring of 1860 he induced some friends to join him, and they went to St. Joseph, Mo., and rigged out his team, left there the fall before, and again put forth across the western sands to rob the rocks of the valuables hidden in their dusky caverns. They prospected in mining that summer in the vicinity of Denver City. The following fall Mr. Emch again returned to St. Joseph, Mo., and on his trip across the Plains he met the famous "Pony Express," that made the fastest time ever made over the Plains by a team. They were carrying to the Territories the news of President Lincoln's election. Mr. Emch pro-

ceeded from St. Joseph, Mo., to New Orleans again, to get more gold coined. The impending war was at this time growing to a fever heat. He had difficulty in getting a place to deposit his gold in New Orleans, but finally succeeded. From there he went to Galveston, Texas, with the intention of spending the winter, but the Civil war was about to break forth, and the excitement was too intense to be pleasant. He immediately took his departure for New Orleans, drew his coined gold from the place of deposit, and started for Ohio. Remaining there until spring, and the war having broken out, he went to Pennsylvania to inspect the oil fields, soon returning to Ohio, however, and immediately left for the West, locating in the mountains around Denver City. The following spring he sold his claim there, and started for Oregon, locating on Powder river, where he built a cabin and stayed until December. It was at this period that gold was discovered in Idaho, and he and his companions started for Idaho City with a team of oxen. There was from three to four feet of snow on the ground when they reached that place. The first thing they did was to butcher the ox-team in order to secure meat enough to live on during the winter. Mr. Emch states that the oxen were not over fat, but that their team, being old, was not the worst beef people had to eat there. A crowd of their companions butchered their ox-team and borrowed Mr. Emch's frying kettle to render the tallow. They placed the ingredients in the kettle, mixed with water, and, after having fried and cooked it and permitted it to cool, there was not a sign of tallow on the surface of the water. Mr. Emch says there was just enough on his own to grease one pair of boots. Besides the beef, Mr. Emch and his companions had with them a keg of molasses and a small amount of flour. They remained in camp during winter, doing but little prospecting, and when the pack trains came in

the spring, Mr. Emch paid \$80 for 100 pounds of flour. During the following summer they all made some money, and remained until the fall of 1868. Mr. Emch paid \$100 in gold for a stage ticket to Sacramento City, going thence to San Francisco, where he took a series of baths for rheumatism, which he had contracted in the mines. He remained about four weeks in the city of the Golden Gate, when he bid a final adieu to the West, and returned to Ohio by the Panama route. He had been here, however, only about two months, when his roving spirit again got the better of him, and he determined to see more of his Fatherland than he had ever seen before. He started for Europe, going from New York City to Hamburg, and traveled all through northern Germany, studying its features and the habits of the people. On the trip he visited relatives of many of his old friends at Woodville, and was thoroughly gratified with the general information that he thus acquired. It was a pleasant recompense for the dreadful sea voyage, during which they had been almost wrecked, and which consumed twenty-eight days. On his return trip he remained in Switzerland from July until the following December, and then came back to his home in America. Before going to Europe he had purchased the farm he now lives on in Woodville township; but farming was not to his taste, so on his return he located in Woodville, buying out Charles Powers' general store, which he conducted until 1874, and then sold out. He had also carried on an ashery for some time; but having accumulated wealth he did not enter heavily into business; he attributes his success in life greatly to the promptness with which he has always met his obligations. With the aid of his industrious wife he has cleared up the land that he purchased, and their excellent brick mansion, erected a few years since, is one of the finest in Sandusky county. At the present time, Mr. Emch is living retired, surrounded by an

intelligent family, with all the conveniences of life at hand, and ample means to sustain him. After the varied career of his early days, he is a well contented man.

In 1870 Mr. Emch married Miss Louisa Sandwisch, who was born in Woodville township, Sandusky Co., Ohio, March 17, 1844, and five children have blessed their union: Edward, born December 11, 1873, who is now working on his father's farm; William, born May 29, 1875, now a student at Capitol University, Columbus, Ohio, studying for the ministry of the Lutheran Church; Carrie, born December 2, 1876, at home with her parents, and George and Gusta (twins), born December 25, 1879, now attending school at Woodville. Mrs. Emch is the daughter of Harmon and Catherine (Mergal) Sandwisch, both of whom were born in Hanover, Germany, the father in 1811, the mother in 1809. Harmon Sandwisch died in Woodville township August 6, 1854, of cholera; he was a blacksmith by trade. Mrs. Sandwisch is still living, in Toledo. Their family consists of five children: Mary, widow of Jacob Bischoff, of Toledo, who has five children; Louisa, Mrs. Emch; William R., living in Fremont, who married Clorinda Swartzman, and has three children; John, of Wood county, Ohio, who married Almira Gallop, and has four children living, and Emma, Mrs. Charles Bradt, of Atlanta, Ga., who has one child.

**W**ILLIAM PRIOR, a prominent agriculturist of Rice township, Sandusky county, and superintendent of the De Mars Club House, on Mud creek, was born in Ballville township, Sandusky county, July 17, 1834, and is a son of John and Mary (Arh) Prior. The father was a native of Kentucky, and in his early life fought in the battle of Fremont under Col. Crogan; the mother was a native of Pennsylvania.

1856. (10) M. J., born October 3, 1855, is a farmer of Seneca county; he married Miss Anna Reinhardt. (11) Philomena, born November 13, 1859, now keeping house for her father in Tiffin. (12) Elizabeth, born October 1, 1861, living at home.

**N**ICHOLAS EMCH was born in Switzerland December 27, 1823, and is a son of Urs and Isabel (Baumgartner) Emch, whose children were as follows: Benjamin, Jacob, John, Nicholas, Samuel, Urs, Frederick and Annie. Urs Emch was a native of Switzerland, never came to America, and died at the age of forty-five, of colic.

At the early age of thirteen Nicholas Emch left home, and had to work out for several years. He learned the shoemaker's trade, which he followed for a number of years. In 1845 he came with his mother and brothers to America, and they first went to his brother at Perrysburg, Wood Co., Ohio, who had been settled there about four years, but did not remain long. He and his brothers bought 128 acres, all timber land, cleared a portion and put up a log cabin. Mr. Emch worked at his trade, when he could get anything in that line to do; also helped on the farm, and followed agricultural pursuits, until 1891.

In 1849 he was united in marriage with Barbara Flickinger, who was born in Switzerland January 5, 1823, and they were the parents of children as follows: (1) Mary, born November 24, 1850, married Nelson Klink September 15, 1872, by whom she had three children—Bruce, Roy and Loyd, the last named dying in September, 1893, aged twelve years. (2) Gottfried, born December 10, 1851, is still single. (3) Solomon, born January 19, 1854, married Caroline Shriner March 18, 1880, and they have three children—Bertha, Edward and Charley.

(4) Caroline, born May 10, 1855, married John Klink June 28, 1874, and they have four children—Orma, Lilly, Julia and Bessie. The mother of this family, Barbara (Flickinger) Emch, died June 18, 1856, aged thirty-three years, six months,

On November 1, 1858, Nicholas Emch was married to Rosanna Flickinger, who was born in Switzerland June 18, 1836, and children as follows were the result of their union: William, now a farmer of Woodville township, Sandusky county, born December 13, 1859, and married Josephine Snyder on November 27, 1881, by whom he had two children—August and Carrie; Sophia, born September 7, 1861, married Frank Miller, and they have four children—Bertha, Elmer, Clarence and Grace (they reside in Woodville, Sandusky county); Nicholas, Jr., born November 26, 1865, is single and lives at home; Joseph, born March 16, 1868; Ettie, born May 16, 1870, married John Kopp on May 3, 1894, and they live in Woodville, Sandusky county; Louisa, born May 17, 1876, and George, born December 4, 1877. Rosanna Flickinger, now Mrs. Nicholas Emch, came to America with her parents in 1847. They located in Ohio, rented land for several years, then bought forty acres and built themselves a home, where they passed their remaining days. Mr. Flickinger died October 17, 1854, at the age of sixty-five; and his wife April 16, 1863, at the age of seventy-one. In 1890, Mr. Emch leased his land to the Standard Oil Company, and they have since put down wells. He retired from farming in 1891, and his sons now operate the place.

**C**OLONEL WILLIAM C. LEFEVER is justly regarded as one of the leading citizens of Sandusky county, and in the vicinity of Clyde, where he owns one of the finest country residences in northwestern Ohio, a model of every comfort and lavish ele-

gressive public characters of the county, is a native of Germany.

He was born in Hanover May 7, 1819, the youngest son of Rudolph and Jane (Daterman) Sandwisch. The mother died at the age of fifty-eight years, and the father attained the age of eighty-two years. They had five children, as follows: (1) Rudolph, who was born in February, 1805, and married Catherine Sandwisch; he had two children—Henry and Maggie—both married, the former to Christina Meyers, the latter to Fred Puck. (2) Herman, who married Catherine Margee; their five children are William, who married Clarinda Swartzman, and has three children (she lives at Fremont; Mary, widow of Jacob Bishop and mother of five children, living at Toledo; Louisa who married Benedict Emch and has five children, a resident of Woodville; John, a wagon-maker at Bowling Green, married to Almira Gallup, and has four children; Emma, wife of Charles Brett, and mother of one son, lives at Atlanta, Ga. (3) Jane, who married Herman Gismort, and died in Germany in 1879, aged seventy years, leaving one child. (4) Christian, born in 1817, married to a Miss Reader, by whom he had five children. (5) F. W., subject of this sketch.

In 1836 F. W. Sandwisch, then seventeen years of age, ventured alone into a strange and distant land to seek his fortune. Taking passage in a sailing vessel, he seven weeks later landed at New York. His supply of money quickly became exhausted, and he secured a position on a steamboat, plying on Lake Erie between Buffalo and Detroit. He remained on the boat all of one season. In 1839 he married Louisa Clousing, who was born in 1815. Three children blessed this union, as follows: (1) John, a farmer of Woodville township, born November 5, 1841, and married to Eliza Meyer; they have eight children—Dora, George, Gust, Maggie, Martha, Martin, Carrie and William. (2) Herman, retired farmer of

Woodville township, born April 28, 1844, married Amelia Winegart; they are the parents of five children—Ella, William, Aaron, Nora and Paul. (3) Frederick, born July 17, 1850; he married Lucy Schroeder, and has six children—Carl, Sophia, Frederick, Joseph, Fred and Eugene; he is a carpenter, and erected the first building at Woodville, where he now lives.

After his marriage our subject worked for a time at the carpenter's trade. Living for a year in Perrysburg, he then came to the "Black Swamp." He worked for a year on the pike road in Troy township, Wood county, then purchased forty acres of wild land for \$200. He built a log cabin and made other improvements, then sold the property and bought seventy acres. This, too, he disposed of advantageously soon after, and bought the 160 acres where he now lives. The ravages of the cholera were severe when he first settled in the swamp, and his brothers perished from the epidemic while he was on his way for a doctor. Mr. Sandwisch owned the first ox-team in Woodville township. He had to go eighteen miles to mill, and the trip consumed several days. He was an extensive dealer in horses and cattle, and in 1860 lost twenty-four head of fine cattle.

Mrs. Louisa Sandwisch died October 24, 1855, of consumption, and for his second wife our subject was married to Angeline Bossan, who was born in Germany November 8, 1833, daughter of Henry and Gertie Bossan. Her father died in Germany in 1871, aged sixty-nine years, her mother in 1875, aged seventy-four years. Mr. and Mrs. Bossan were the parents of five children: Clement, Henrietta, Henry, Frederick and Angeline. The second marriage of Mr. Sandwisch was blessed with ten children, as follows: (1) Edward, a farmer of Woodville township, born December 26, 1856; he was married in April, 1880, to Annie Stein, by whom he has five children—

were spent in the service of George King and Mr. Kiser, in the capacity of field hand. On the expiration of that period he paid a three-months' visit to his native land.

Upon his return from Germany Mr. Humburg was united in marriage with Miss Eliza Kiser, daughter of one of the wealthiest farmers of the county, and their union has been blessed with a family of seven children, all of whom are still under the parental roof, namely: Martha, Willie, Emma, Clara, Franklin, Chester and Lucy. Mr. Humburg is an ardent member of the Reformed Church, and does all in his power to promote its growth and upbuilding. In his political views he is a Democrat, but has no time for office-seeking, preferring to give his entire attention to his business interests. He is a wide-awake and enterprising man, and has achieved success by earnest effort.

**F**RED EMCH, a well-known and popular citizen of Woodville township, Sandusky county, was born in Switzerland September 17, 1831, and is a son of Urs and Elizabeth (Baumgartner) Emch.

Urs and Elizabeth (Baumgartner) Emch were the parents of ten children, as follows: Anna lived in Switzerland and died there; Benjamin died in May, 1884; Elizabeth married Ben Messer, and they had three children (she lived and died in Switzerland); John, a farmer in Wood county, Ohio, married Mary Weiss, and they had thirteen children (he died in 1876); Nicholas, a farmer of Woodville township, sketch of whom will be found at page 319; Urs, Jr., who lives in Woodville township, married Annie Eisch, and they had six children; two children died in infancy; and Fred is the subject of this sketch. Urs Emch, the father, died in Switzerland in 1835, at the age of forty-five years. In 1845 his widow came to America with her children,

and they remained a short time in Buffalo. Then, in June, 1845, they came to Ohio, and located in Woodville township, Sandusky county, being among the first settlers in what at that time was called the "Black Swamp." They bought land, commenced to clear it and put up buildings, and the first year, after hard work, they managed to put in fifteen acres of wheat. There was a good deal of sickness at that time, and one of the children died of dropsy the same season. The mother died in 1854, at the age of sixty-one.

At the age of sixteen Fred Emch started out in life for himself, first going to Toledo, Ohio, where he worked in a wholesale store about one year. In 1850 he went to Tiffin, Seneca Co., Ohio, where he learned the gunsmith's trade, following that for about three years. In 1858 he moved back to Woodville township, Sandusky county, and went into business for himself, and he has made his home here ever since. On September 11, 1861, he enlisted in Company G, Thirty-seventh O. V. I., serving as teamster. They went to West Virginia, where he remained seventeen months, and was in several battles, and later was in Kentucky, for about three weeks, when he was mustered out and returned to Woodville.

On March 17, 1853, he was united in marriage with Margaret Hoffman, and they had two children, namely: Melinda, who was born December 17, 1853, married Joseph McKinley, and had two children; and Amelia, born October 5, 1859, who died at the age of five years. Mrs. Emch died at the age of thirty-one years, and was buried in Woodville cemetery. For his second wife Mr. Emch married Christina Redert, who was born April 28, 1843, and four children have come to them, namely: Mary, who died in infancy; Dora, born February 16, 1865, who married Aaron Unger, a butcher of Woodville township, Sandusky county, and had three children; Etta, born July 2, 1871;

and Fred, Jr., born February 22, 1877. Mr. Emch is a Democrat in politics, was constable for twelve years, assessor three years, and marshal two years.

**A**LBERT B. ORTH, one of the hustling young business men of Port Clinton, Ottawa county, where he conducts a leading confectionery business, is a native of that city, born December 29, 1860.

Frank Orth, his father, was the youngest of six brothers who emigrated from Germany to the United States, settling in Detroit, Mich., where they organized a musical band known as the "Orth Brothers' Band." John Orth, Sr., one of these brothers, recently died at Detroit, aged eighty-seven years. Frank Orth married Miss Mary Wagoner, and removed to Port Clinton, about the year 1850, where, being by trade a shoemaker and harness maker he worked for several years for Joseph Sylvester. His children were: Frances, John, Louis and Albert B., of whom Frances married Samuel Wisner, a carpenter at Port Clinton, and they have one son living. John is a hardware merchant in Port Clinton, Ohio. Louis, a tinner by trade, married Carrie Andrews, a daughter of Peter Andrews, a pioneer of Ottawa county, Ohio; her father, who had served in the war of the Rebellion, died some time afterward at Port Clinton, where the widowed mother is yet living.

The subject proper of this sketch attended school at Port Clinton until he was thirteen years old, when he began to learn the baker's trade with W. S. Flaughter, for whom he worked thirteen years, at the end of which time, on account of ill health, he was obliged to quit. Two years later he bought out E. I. Root, and opened up a confectionery and ice-cream trade, wholesale and retail, in which he has since continued, a period of about eight years. On September 11,

1882, Mr. Orth married Miss Cora Hollinshead, daughter of Robert Hollinshead, formerly a fish dealer, of the firm of R. Bell & Co., Port Clinton, Ohio, later a resident of Toledo, and now living in Iowa, whose children were: Cora, Harry C., Lester, Clara, May and Eva; of whom, Harry C. is a fish merchant in Port Clinton; Lester, single, is with his brother Harry in the fish business; Clara married John Robecker, butcher, in the employ of Kelley & Wanger, of Port Clinton; Eva married Matthew Hilsenbeck, engineer on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad, living at Toledo, Ohio. Albert and Cora Orth have no children of their own, but have adopted one little girl, named Bessie Merrill.

**J**AMES P. VICKERY, farmer and school teacher, York township, Sandusky county, was born March 24, 1864, in Groton township, Erie Co., Ohio, a son of John and Jane (Parker) Vickery, who both came from England.

Our subject came with his parents to Sandusky county, where he grew up on a farm, attended country schools and laid the foundations for success in life. At the age of seventeen he began teaching country schools during the winter seasons, in which he has continued during the past eleven years. His first term was in Seneca county, then two terms in Michigan, and the rest in Sandusky county. He now resides upon and works the homestead farm of his father, comprising 120 acres, in York township. He is a progressive, aspiring, energetic farmer, and takes a lively interest in the Young People's Society meetings at the Mt. Carmel U. B. Church, not far from his home. He is a Republican in politics, but no partisan. On April 2, 1890, he married Miss H. May King, of Clyde, Ohio, daughter of John and Mary (Diment) King, and born in Bellevue, Ohio, October 5, 1866. Her parents were married in 1861, lived in